रजिस्ट्री सं० डी० 221 REGISTERED NO. D. 221

भारत का राजपत्र
The Gazette of India

असाधारण
EXTRAORDINARY
भाग II—खण्ड 2
PART II—Section 2
प्राधिकार से प्रकाशित
PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

सं० 22] नई दिल्ली, शुक्रवार, मई 12, 1972/वैशाख 22, 1894
No. 22] NEW DELHI, FRIDAY, MAY 12, 1972/VAISAKHA 22, 1894

इस भाग में भिन्न पृष्ठ संख्या दी जाती है जिससे कि यह अलग संकलन के रूप में रखा जा सके।
Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

LOK SABHA

The following Bills were introduced in Lok Sabha on the 12th May, 1972:—

BILL No. 44 OF 1972

A Bill to authorise payment and appropriation of certain sums from and out of the Consolidated Fund of India for the services of the financial year 1972-73.

BE it enacted by Parliament in the Twenty-third Year of the Republic of India as follows:—

1. This Act may be called the Appropriation (No. 3) Act, 1972. Short title.

2. From and out of the Consolidated Fund of India there may be paid and applied sums not exceeding those specified in column 3 of the Schedule amounting in the aggregate [inclusive of the sums specified in column 3 of the Schedule to the Appropriation. (Vote on Account) Act, 1972] to the sum of twenty thousand, eight hundred and forty-nine crores, eighty-two lakhs and twelve thousand rupees towards defraying the several charges which will come in course of payment during the financial year 1972-73 in respect of the services specified in column 2 of the Schedule. Issue of Rs. 2,08,49,82,12,000 out of the Consolidated Fund of India for the year 1972-73.

6 of 1972.

3. The sums authorised to be paid and applied from and out of the Consolidated Fund of India by this Act shall be appropriated for the services and purposes expressed in the Schedule in relation to the said year. Appropriation.

THE SCHEDULE

(*See sections 2 and 3*)

1	2	3		
No. of Vote	Services and purposes	Sums not exceeding		
		Voted by Parliament	Charged on the Consolidated Fund	Total
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1	Ministry of Defence . .	1,21,19,000	..	1,21,19,000
2	Defence Services, Effective —Army . . .	9,21,94,00,000	*9,00,000*	9,22,03,00,000
3	Defence Services, Effective —Navy .	68,03,50,000	*50,000*	68,04,00,000
4	Defence Services, Effective —Air Force . . .	2,71,91,80,000	*1,20,000*	2,71,93,00,000
5	Defence Services, Non-Effective . . .	54,10,00,000	..	54,10,00,000
6	Department of Education .	2,44,04,000	..	2,44,04,000
7	Education . . .	79,25,54,000	..	79,25,54,000
8	Department of Social Welfare	8,73,78,000	..	8,73,78,000
9	External Affairs . . .	34,21,13,000	*5,000*	34,21,18,000
10	Other Revenue Expenditure of the Ministry of External Affairs . . .	61,07,29,000	..	61,07,29,000
11	Ministry of Finance .	19,78,44,000	..	19,78,44,000
12	Customs . . .	11,06,39,000	*44,000*	11,06,83,000
13	Union Excise Duties .	22,10,76,000	*70,000*	22,11,46,000
14	Taxes on Income including Corporation Tax, etc.	22,55,62,000	*2,04,000*	22,57,66,000
15	Stamps . .	5,17,17,000	..	5,17,17,000
16	Audit . . .	37,40,03,000	*58,15,000*	37,98,18,000
17	Currency and Coinage .	16,77,60,000	..	16,77,60,000
18	Mint . . .	5,47,19,000	..	5,47,19,000
19	Pensions and Other Retirement Benefits . . .	12,64,32,000	*25,17,000*	12,89,49,000
20	Opium Factories and Alkaloid Works . . .	8,76,44,000	*1,000*	8,76,45,000
21	Other Revenue Expenditure of the Ministry of Finance	73,46,24,000	..	73,46,24,000
22	Grants-in-aid to State and Union Territory Governments . . .	7,28,73,42,000	*1,60,23,02,000*	[8,88,96,44,000
23	Miscellaneous Adjustments between the Central and State and Union Territory Governments . .	51,82,000	..	51,82,00[illegible]

1	2	3		
No. of Vote	Services and purposes	Sums not exceeding		
		Voted by Parliament	Charged on the Consolidated Fund	Total
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
24	Pre-partition Payments	25,000	*4,47,000*	4,72,000
	CHARGED.—*Interest on Debt and Other Obligations*	..	*7,30,03,60,000*	7,30,03,60,000
	CHARGED.—*Payments of States, Share of Union Excise Duties*	..	*5,37,43,60,000*	5,37,43,60,000
25	Department of Agriculture	5,57,71,000	..	5,57,71,000
26	Agriculture	31,43,74,000	..	31,43,74,000
27	Payments to Indian Council of Agricultural Research	32,53,88,000	..	32,53,88,000
28	Forest	1,97,34,000	..	1,97,34,000
29	Department of Food	1,20,41,51,000	..	1,20,41,51,000
30	Department of Community Development	50,13,000	..	50,13,000
31	Department of Co-operation	3,21,82,000	..	3,21,82,000
32	Ministry of Foreign Trade	4,93,91,000	..	4,93,91,000
33	Foreign Trade	1,26,84,50,000	..	1,26,84,50,000
34	Export Oriented Industries	7,61,03,000	..	7,61,03,000
35	Ministry of Health and Family Planning	1,57,71,000	..	1,57,71,000
36	Medical and Public Health	31,23,28,000	..	31,23,28,000
37	Ministry of Home Affairs	1,67,71,000	..	1,67,71,000
38	Cabinet	84,72,000	..	84,72,000
39	Department of Personnel	4,61,53,000	..	4,61,53,000
40	Police	1,10,83,65,000	..	1,10,83,65,000
41	Census	4,05,34,000	..	4,05,34,000
42	Statistics	5,21,72,000	..	5,21,72,000
43	Territorial and Political Pensions	2,27,95,000	..	2,27,95,000
44	Other Revenue Expenditure of the Ministry of Home Affairs	14,32,26,000		14,32,26,000
45	Delhi	70,67,82,000	*32,52,000*	71,00,34,000
46	Chandigarh	8,47,21,000	*34,46,000*	8,81,67,000
47	Andaman and Nicobar Islands	12,12,38,000	*5,000*	12,12,43,000
48	Arunachal Pradesh	16,21,33,000	..	16,21,33,000
49	Dadra and Nagar Haveli Area	91,24,000	..	91,24,000
50	Laccadive, Minicoy and Amindivi Islands	2,48,03,000	..	2,48,03,000

1	2	3		
No. of Vote	Services and purposes	Sums not exceeding		
		Voted by Parliament	Charged on the Consolidated Fund	Total
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
51	Mizoram	1,62,44,000	..	1,62,44,000
52	Ministry of Industrial Development	2,13,61,000	..	2,13,61,000
53	Industries	4,66,52,000	..	4,66,52,000
54	Village and Small Industries	22,59,63,000	*15,00,000*	22,74,63,000
55	Ministry of Information and Broadcasting	34,44,000	..	34,44,000
56	Broadcasting	17,24,76,000	..	17,24,76,000
57	Information and Publicity	9,27,38,000	..	9,27,38,000
58	Ministry of Irrigation and Power	10,09,15,000	..	10,09,15,000
59	Irrigation and Flood Control Schemes	3,78,94,000	..	3,78,94,000
60	Electricity Schemes	3,67,00,000	..	3,67,00,000
61	Department of Labour and Employment	1,65,13,000	..	1,65,13,000
62	Labour and Employment	22,34,60,000	*5,000*	22,34,65,000
63	Department of Rehabilitation	13,60,89,000	*42,000*	13,61,31,000
64	Ministry of Law and Justice	6,57,30,000	..	6,57,30,000
65	Administration of Justice	2,84,000	*40,15,000*	42,99,000
66	Ministry of Petroleum and Chemicals	79,14,000	..	79,14,000
67	Ministry of Planning	5,12,000	..	5,12,000
68	Planning Commission	1,73,64,000	..	1,73,64,000
69	Ministry of Shipping and Transport	1,72,97,000	..	1,72,97,000
70	Roads	25,37,94,000	*10,000*	25,38,04,000
71	Shipping	9,10,03,000	*5,000*	9,10,08,000
72	Lighthouses and Lightships	1,34,51,000	..	1,34,51,000
73	Ports	5,32,97,000	..	5,32,97,000
74	Road and Inland Water Transport	48,99,000	..	48,99,000
75	Department of Steel	1,14,75,000	..	1,14,75,000
76	Department of Mines	17,91,15,000	*35,000*	17,91,50,000
77	Geological Survey	16,84,97,000	..	16,84,97,000
78	Ministry of Tourism and Civil Aviation	29,16,000	..	29,16,000
79	Meteorology	6,44,62,000	..	6,44,62,000

1	2	3		
No. of Vote	Services and purposes	Sums not exceeding		
		Voted by Parliament	Charged on the Consolidated Fund	Total
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
80	Aviation	15,57,22,000	..	15,57,22,000
81	Tourism	3,13,20,000	..	3,13,20,000
82	Ministry of Works and Housing	3,05,76,000	..	3,05,76,000
83	Public Works	42,86,85,000	38,50,000	43,25,35,000
84	Stationery and Printing	16,76,10,000	3,000	16,76,13,000
85	Department of Atomic Energy	31,80,000	..	31,80,000
86	Atomic Energy Research and Nuclear Power Schemes	54,90,76,000	..	54,90,76,000
87	Ministry of Communications	74,24,000	..	74,24,000
88	Overseas Communications Service	5,24,04,000	..	5,24,04,000
89	Posts and Telegraphs (Working Expenses)	2,92,32,73,000	10,000	2,92,32,83,000
90	Posts and Telegraphs—Dividend to General Revenues, Appropriations to Reserve Funds and Repayments of Loans from General Revenues	45,11,98,000	..	45,11,98,000
91	Department of Company Affairs	1,23,59,000	..	1,23,59,000
92	Department of Electronics	3,79,49,000	..	3,79,49,000
93	Department of Culture	4,50,30,000	..	4,50,30,000
94	Archaeology	2,44,22,000	..	2,44,22,000
95	Department of Parliamentary Affairs	12,34,000	..	12,34,000
96	Department of Science and Technology	3,54,30,000	..	3,54,30,000
97	Survey of India	8,90,94,000	..	8,90,94,000
98	Grants to Council of Scientific and Industrial Research	24,73,30,000	..	24,73,30,000
99	Department of Supply	1,84,89,000	..	1,84,89,000
100	Supplies and Disposals	5,08,50,000	..	5,08,50,000
101	Lok Sabha	2,79,34,000	1,04,000	2,80,38,000
102	Rajya Sabha	1,16,17,000	90,000	1,17,07,000
	CHARGED.—*Staff, Household and Allowances of the President*	..	49,68,000	49,68,000
103	Secretariat of the Vice-President	3,78,000	..	3,78,000

1	2	3		
No. of Vote	Services and purposes	Sums not exceeding		
		Voted by Parliament	Charged on the Consolidated Fund	Total
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
	CHARGED.—*Union Public Service Commission* . .	..	*1,14,10,000*	1,14,10,000
104	Defence Capital Outlay .	1,90,70,00,000	*20,00,000*	1,90,90,00,000
105	Other Capital Outlay of the Ministry of Defence . .	6,25,00,000	..	6,25,00,000
106	Capital Outlay of the Ministry of Education and Social Welfare	1,04,75,000	..	1,04,75,000
107	Capital Outlay on the India Security Press . . .	1,02,19,000	..	1,02,19,000
108	Capital Outlay on Currency and Coinage . . .	24,06,51,000	..	24,06,51,000
109	Capital Outlay on Mints .	63,46,000	..	63,46,000
110	Commuted Value of Pensions	10,07,24,000	*2,80,000*	10,10,04,000
111	Other Capital Outlay of the Ministry of Finance .	3,00,70,000	..	3,00,70,000
112	Capital Outlay on Grants to State Governments for Development . . .	30,88,88,000	..	30,88,88,000
113	Loans and Advances by the Central Government .	7,79,74,35,000	*10,87,04,04,000*	18,66,78,39,000
	CHARGED.—*Repayment of Debt*	..	*1,25,57,49,85,000*	1,25,57,49,85,000
114	Purchase of Foodgrains and Fertilizers . . .	1,58,64,17,000	*2,05,000*	1,58,66,22,000
115	Other Capital Outlay of the Ministry of Agriculture .	54,31,92,000	*1,00,000*	54,32,92,000
116	Capital Outlay of the Ministry of Foreign Trade . .	3,29,57,000	..	3,29,57,000
117	Capital Outlay of the Ministry of Health and Family Planning	25,69,14,000	..	25,69,14,00
118	Capital Outlay in Union Territories	27,27,12,000	*2,07,62,000*	29,34,74,000
119	Other Capital Outlay of the Ministry of Home Affairs	2,52,50,000	..	2,52,50,000
120	Capital Outlay of the Ministry of Industrial Development	20,54,74,000	..	20,54,74,000
121	Capital Outlay of the Ministry of Information and Broadcasting	12,48,16,000	..	12,48,16,000
122	Capital Outlay on Irrigation and Flood Control Schemes	11,90,15,000	..	11,90,15,000
123	Other Capital Outlay of the Ministry of Irrigation and Power	32,71,19,000	..	32,71,19,000

1	2	3		
No. of Vote	Services and purposes	Sums not exceeding		
		Voted by Parliament	Charged on the Consolidated Fund	Total
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
124	Capital Outlay of the Ministry of Labour and Rehabilitation	7,99,05,000	..	7,99,05,000
125	Capital Outlay of the Ministry of Petroleum and Chemicals . . .	82,95,13,000	..	82,95,13,000
126	Capital Outlay on Roads .	85,63,05,000	*2,00,000*	85,65,05,000
127	Capital Outlay on Ports .	10,20,10,000	*5,00,000*	10,25,10,000
128	Other Capital Outlay of the Ministry of Shipping and Transport	17,60,32,000	..	17,60,32,000
129	Other Capital Outlay of the Ministry of Steel and Mines	71,16,79,000	..	71,16,79,000
130	Capital Outlay on Aviation .	5,66,79,000	*2,00,000*	5,68,79,000
131	Other Capital Outlay of the Ministry of Tourism and Civil Aviation . . .	11,94,87,000	..	11,94,87,000
132	Capital Outlay on Public Works	12,54,25,000	*10,00,000*	12,64,25,000
133	Delhi Capital Outlay . .	7,22,40,000	*17,00,000*	7,39,40,000
134	Other Capital Outlay of the Ministry of Works and Housing	2,71,57,000	..	2,71,57,000
135	Capital Outlay of the Department of Atomic Energy .	70,77,66,000	..	70,77,66,000
136	Capital Outlay on Posts and Telegraphs (Not met from Revenue)	1,45,27,00,000	..	1,45,27,00,000
137	Other Capital Outlay of the Ministry of Communications	3,60,75,000	..	3,60,75,000
	TOTAL	57,70,59,31,000	*—1,50,79,22,81,000*	2,08,49,82,12,000

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS

This Bill is introduced in pursuance of article 114(1) of the Constitution of India to provide for the appropriation out of the Consolidated Fund of India of the moneys required to meet the expenditure charged on the Consolidated Fund and the grants made by the Lok Sabha for expenditure of the Central Government, excluding Railways, for the financial year 1972-73.

Y. B. CHAVAN.

BILL No. 32 OF 1972

A Bill further to amend the Constitution of India

BE it enacted by Parliament in the Twenty-third Year of the Republic of India as follows:—

1. This Act may be called the Constitution (Amendment) Act, 1972. **Short title.**

2. In the Eighth Schedule to the Constitution,— **Amendment of Eighth Schedule.**

(*a*) after entry 2, the entry "2A. Bhojpuri." shall be inserted;

(*b*) after entry 6, the entry "6A. Maithili." shall be inserted;

(*c*) after entry 8, the entry "8A. Nepali." shall be inserted; and

(*d*) after entry 10, the entry "10A. Rajasthani." shall be inserted.

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS

Eighth Schedule to the Constitution contains the names of fifteen languages of India. But Maithili, Rajasthani, Bhojpuri and Nepali do not find place there.

Maithili is a very rich language and has literary history of above seven hundred years. It is the mother tongue of more than fifteen million people. It is recognised for post-graduate studies in the Universities of Calcutta, Bihar, Patna, Allahabad, etc., and there has been widespread demand for the inclusion in the Eighth Schedule to the Constitution. Besides, it is the mother tongue of a large and populous part (Terai) of Nepal whose inhabitants have regular social, cultural, academic and commercial dealings with their Maithili speaking neighbours of India, mainly in North Bihar.

Nepali is the mother tongue of Indian citizens of Nepalese origin inhabiting northern parts of West Bengal and other parts of India.

Rajasthani is a language of immense importance spoken by overwhelming majority of the people of Rajasthan.

Similarly, Bhojpuri is the mother tongue of the inhabitants of a vast area of the western parts of Bihar and eastern U.P. It has been developing speedily during the last several decades.

The inclusion of the above mentioned four languages in the Eighth Schedule to the Constitution will immensely help the cause of literacy and consequent advancement of the vast masses of the illiterate and semi-literate millions whose mother tongue they are. This, in its turn, will accelerate the development of Hindi as our national link languages.

Hence the Bill.

BHOGENDRA JHA.

NEW DELHI;
The 24th March, 1972.

BILL No. 30 OF 1972

A Bill further to amend the Constitution of India

BE it enacted by Parliament in the Twenty-third Year of the Republic of India as follows:—

1. This Act may be called the Constitution (Amendment) Act, 1972. Short title.

2. For article 168 of the Constitution, the following article shall be substituted, namely:— Substitution of article 168.

"168. For every State there shall be a Legislature which shall consist of the Governor and a Legislative Assembly." Constitution of Legislatures in States.

3. Article 169 of the Constitution shall be omitted. Omission of article 169.

4. Article 171 of the Constitution shall be omitted. Omission of article 171.

5. Clause (2) of article 172 of the Constitution shall be omitted. Amendment of article 172.

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS

The continuance of Legislative Councils in the States has become an anachronism. Recently steps have been taken to abolish these Councils in certain States and there is growing and widespread feeling and demand in many States to do away with the Upper Houses of the State Legislatures. Piecemeal abolition of Legislative Councils in one State after another, after going through the cumbersome process has become unnecessarily tiresome. There is a need for legislation of this kind to secure a uniform one-house Legislature in all the States throughout the country.

Hence this Bill.

NEW DELHI;
The 24th March, 1972.

BHOGENDRA JHA.

BILL No. 37 OF 1972

A Bill further to amend the Ancient Monuments and Archaeological Sites and Remains Act, 1958.

BE it enacted by Parliament in the Twenty-third Year of the Republic of India as follows:—

Short title and extent.

1. (*1*) This Act may be called the Ancient Monuments and Archaeological Sites and Remains (Amendment) Act, 1972.

(*2*) It shall extend to the whole of India except the State of Jammu and Kashmir.

Insertion of new section 20A.

2. After section 20 of the Ancient Monuments and Archaeological Sites and Remains Act, 1958, the following new section shall be inserted, namely:— 24 of 1958.

"MEMORIAL IN THE PROTECTED MONUMENT OR AREA

Resolution to be passed by State Legislative Assembly for erecting a Memorial.

20A. (*1*) Notwithstanding anything contained in this Act or in any other law for the time being in force, the Legislative Assembly of the State within the territory of which a protected monument or a protected area is situated, may, by resolution, authorise the Government of that State to instal, erect, build or construct a suitable memorial in, or near, or in the vicinity of, a protected monument or a protected area to perpetuate the memory of the person, who was either the founder, or the builder or the originator of the idea for

the installation, erection, building or construction of such a monument or area and to enhance the historical importance thereof.

(2) The memorial so installed, erected, constructed or built shall be such as not to have the effect of destroying, removing, injuring, defacing, imperilling or misusing the protected monument.".

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS

There are large number of ancient monuments of historical importance in various States, some of which are intimately associated with the life of historical figures. On occasions, popular demands are voiced for installing, erecting, constructing or building suitable memorials to perpetuate the memory of such persons or adding to the historicity of such monuments. It is in the fitness of things that the desirability of accepting such demands be left to be decided by the popularly elected Legislative Assembly of the State within which a protected monument is situated.

This Bill seeks to give effect to the above proposal.

R. P. ULAGANAMBI.

NEW DELHI;
The 10th April, 1972.

S. L. SHAKDHER,
Secretary.

PRINTED BY THE GENERAL MANAGER, GOVERNMENT OF INDIA PRESS, MINTO ROAD, NEW DELHI AND PUBLISHED BY THE MANAGER OF PUBLICATIONS, DELHI, 1972